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# pvAccess Client APIs

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# Overview



- ❑ pvAccess is network support for pvData
  - pvData supports structured data
  - Introspection and data API
  
- ❑ Implementations (APIs)
  - pvAccess Client API
  - pvAccess RPC API
  - EasyPVA
  - pvManager API
  - pvManager Service API
  - Python implementation

# pvAccess Client API



- ❑ Implemented in both Java and C++
  - This talk describes Java API, C++ API is similar
- ❑ Java and C++ both support complete pvAccess network protocol
- ❑ Both also support EPICS CA network protocol
  - pvAccess client API, CA over the wire
- ❑ Asynchronous Callback API

# 4 Channel Interface



```
public interface Channel extends Requester {  
    // ... some methods omitted  
  
    void getField(GetFieldRequester requester, String subField);  
    ChannelProcess createChannelProcess(ChannelProcessRequester cb, PVStructure pvReq);  
    ChannelGet createChannelGet(ChannelGetRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
    ChannelPut createChannelPut(ChannelPutRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
    ChannelPutGet createChannelPutGet(ChannelPutGetRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
    ChannelRPC createChannelRPC(ChannelRPCRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
    Monitor createMonitor(MonitorRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
    ChannelArray createChannelArray(ChannelArrayRequester cb, PVStructure pvRequest);  
}
```

GetField – Get introspection info for channel.

ChannelProcess – Ask channel to process. No data is transferred.

ChannelGet – Get data from channel.

ChannelPut – Put data to channel.

ChannelPutGet – Put data to channel and get result. Thus like a Remote Procedure Call.

ChannelRPC – An RPC where different types of data sent and received for each request.

ChannelArray – put and get sub array.

Monitor – Monitor data changes.

# 5 Create channel



```
// register pluggable channel providers
org.epics.pvaccess.ClientFactory.register();
org.epics.caV3.ClientFactory.register();

// get a pvAccess client provider
ChannelProvider channelProvider =
    ChannelAccessFactory.getChannelAccess()
        .getProvider("pva");

// create a channel
channelProvider.createChannel(
    "ai001",
    new ChannelRequesterImpl(),
    ChannelProvider.PRIORITY_DEFAULT
);
```

# Create Channel Callback



```
public interface ChannelRequester extends Requester
{
    void channelCreated(Status status, Channel channel);

    void channelStateChange(Channel channel,
                           ConnectionState connectionState);
}
```

# Create ChannelGet and get



```
channel.createChannelGet(  
    new ChannelGetRequesterImpl(),  
    CreateRequestFactory.createRequest(  
        "field(value,timestamp)"  
    )  
);  
  
// once you get channelGet in callback, invoke get  
channelGet.get(false);
```

# Create ChannelGet Callbacks



```
public interface ChannelGetRequester extends Requester
{
    void channelGetConnect(
        Status status,
        ChannelGet channelGet,
        PVStructure pvStructure,
        BitSet bitSet);

    void getDone(Status status);
}
```

```
public interface ChannelGet extends ChannelRequest
{
    void get(boolean lastRequest);
}
```

# EasyPVA



- ❑ Layer on-top of pvAccess Client API
- ❑ Simplified synchronous API
- ❑ Java implementation not complete but usable
  - get, put, RPC implemented
- ❑ C++ version not implemented
- ❑ Can also be used from MatLab

```
// get the scalar value
double value = easyPVA.createChannel("ai001")
                .createGet().getDouble();
```

```
// get the scalar value (with timestamp, alarm) multiple times
EasyGet easyGet = easyPVA.createChannel("ai001").createGet();

double value = easyGet.getDouble();
Alarm alarm = easyGet.getAlarm();
TimeStamp timeStamp = easyGet.getTimeStamp();

// ... later ...
value = easyGet.getDouble();
```

- There are plans for even more easier API, aka SuperEasyPVA

# pvAccess RPC API



- ❑ Layer on-top of pvAccess Client API that makes writing RPC client (and services) very easy
- ❑ Implemented in both Java and C++
  - This talk describes Java API, C++ API is similar
- ❑ Provides both - asynchronous and synchronous API

```
//  
// sync example, timeout of 3.0s  
  
RPCClientImpl client = new RPCClientImpl("myService");  
PVStructure result = client.request(arguments, 3.0);
```

# pvManager API



- ❑ pvAccess plugin for pvManager implemented
- ❑ pvManager API can be used to talk pvAccess

```
// install pvAccess data source
PVManager.setDefaultDataSource(new PVADatasource());

// create a monitor with max 10Hz reate
PVReader<VInt> reader =
    PVManager.read(channel("testCounter", VInt.class, VInt.class)) .
        readListener(new PVReaderListener<Object>() {
            @Override
            public void pvChanged(PVReaderEvent<VInt> event) {
                if (event.isValueChanged())
                    System.out.println(event.getPvReader().getValue());
                else
                    System.out.println(event.toString());
            }
        }) .maxRate(TimeDuration.ofHertz(10));
```

# pvManager Service API



- ❑ pvAccess RPC plugin for pvManager Service API is being implemented
- ❑ pvManager Service API can be used to talk pvAccess RPC
- ❑ Services are defined using XML, no programming needed
- ❑ This allows you to connect services within CSS (GUIs, tables, etc.)

```
ServiceRegistry.getDefault().registerService(new PVAService());  
  
// find method  
ServiceMethod method = ServiceRegistry.getDefault()  
                      .findServiceMethod("orbitService/getOrbit");  
  
// set arguments (if any)...  
Map<String, Object> arguments = new HashMap<>();  
  
// invoke RPC call  
VTable table = (VTable) syncExecuteMethod(method, arguments).get("result");
```

# Python implementation



- Implementation started...
- Only fragments of pvData implemented, nothing for pvAccess

# THANK YOU!

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